Lois Skinner CPA	Lois	Sk	inn	er (PA
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16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Hafford, Saskatchewan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Hafford, Saskatchewan

December 31, 2024

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Lois Skinner CPA

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of: 16 to 43 Waste Management Corporation

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of 16 to 43 Waste Management Corporation, (the Entity), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting polices and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of 16 to 43 Waste Management Corporation as at December 31, 2024, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified audit opinion.

Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in
accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable
the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or
error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonable be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher then for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Wilkie, Saskatchewan April 16, 2025

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMEN Statement of Financial	T CORPORATION Position	
December 31, 20		
		2023
ASSETS		
Current		
Bank Accounts receivable	\$ 8,409	\$ 10,343
Prepaid expense	57,643	32,184
Inventory - supplies on hand	25,063	13,266
and the state of t	91,115	<u>25.063</u> 80,856
Property, Plant & Equipment (Note 4)	2,819,627	2,931,056
Patronage equity	12,269	13,869
	•	
LIADUITICO	\$_2.923.011	\$ <u>3.025.781</u>
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	14,167	39,646
Taxes payable	433	1,355
Current portion of long-term debt	795,670	880,789
	810,270	921,790
Long-term debt (Note 5)	425,375	401,375
Landfill asset retirement (Note 3)	794,088	775,632
	_2.029.733	2.098,797
NET ASSETS		
Total Net Assets	893,278	026 004
	033,270	926,984
	\$_2,923,011	\$_3.025.781
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:		

Director

See accompanying notes to financia statements

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2024

REVENUE	<u>2024</u>	2023
Service fees Sales Government grants	\$ 433,155 921	\$ 419,507 2,101 10,915
Land and building rentals Interest earned Other	1,620 56 5,772	9,489 4,439 119
Total Revenues	\$ <u>441,524</u>	\$ <u>446,570</u>
EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages Contracted services Professional fees Interest on long term debt Interest and bank charges Insurance Amortization Accretion of asset retirement Utilities Fuel and oil Repairs and maintenance Office and communications Supplies Business fees, licenses & memberships Monitoring and testing Staff development	\$ 141,183 7,516 6,657 66,633 3,241 22,403 116,226 18,456 31,819 27,583 9,208 3,494 7,557 891 10,826 650	\$ 136,830 68,934 6,567 65,822 2,119 20,811 116,034 18,456 27,295 14,220 21,623 3,911 5,051 1,682 15,744 1,078
Bad debts, unrecoverable Travel	50 837	1,318
Total Expenses (Deficit) Excess revenues over expenses	475,230 \$(33,706)	527,495 \$ (80,925)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended December 31, 2024

	2023	2022
Net Assets, beginning of the year	\$ 926,984	\$ 1,007,909
Deficit of revenue over expenses	(33.706)	(80,925)
Net assets, end of year	\$ 893,278	\$ 926,984

See accompanying notes to financial statements

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Cash Flow

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>2024</u>	2023
Cash provided by (used in) operations Net income (loss) for the year Amortization	\$ (33,706) 134,682	\$ (80,925) 134,490
Net change in non-cash working capital	100,976	53,565
Accounts receivable(increase) decrease Inventory(increase) decrease	(25,459)	15,165 (6,063)
Prepaid (increase) decrease Payroll remittances (increase) decrease	13,266	(13,266) 1,880
Accounts payable & deposit increase(decrease) Taxes & remittances increase(decrease) Current portion of	(25,479) (922)	22,321 (4,308)
long-term debt increase(decrease)	(85,119)	(81,763)
	(123,713)	(66,034)
CASH FLOWS FROM(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(22,737)	(12,469)
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES Capital asset acquisitions Change in patronage equity CASH FLOWS FROM(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,796) 1,600 (3,196)	(30,347) (3,226) (33,573)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from long term financing Long-term debt repayments	25,000 (1,001)	25,000
CASH FLOWS FROM(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	23,999	25,000
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	(1,934)	(21,042)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,343	31,385
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$8.409	\$10.343
Cash consists of: Bank deposits and cash on hand Total Cash See accompanying notes to financial statements	\$ 8,409 \$ 8.409	\$ 10,343 \$ 10.343

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

16 to 43 Waste Management Corporation (the "Entity") is a membership not-for-profit organization incorporated provincially under the Non-profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan. As a non-profit, the Entity is exempt from the payment of income tax under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act.

The Entity operates to provide waste management services to member municipalities and local area residents. Currently five communities are members which include: Town of Radisson; Town of Blaine Lake; Town of Hafford; R.M. of Douglas; and Village of Maymont.

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Entity's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the entity are as follows:

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bank indebtedness & Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash is defined as cash on hand, cash on deposit, and short-term deposits with maturity dates of less than 90 days, net of cheques issued and outstanding at the reporting date.

The Entity has an authorized overdraft limit of \$20,000 which bears interest at 9.7% per annum. At December 31, 2024 the overdraft position was \$NIL.

Inventories

Inventory of supplies and items for resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and is amortized over its estimated life on a straight-line basis the year of the acquisition at the following rates:

Buildings	40 years
Land Improvements	25 years
Equipment	20 years
Motor Vehicles	10 years
Furniture & Fixtures	2 years

The Entity regularly reviews its property, plant and equipment to eliminate obsolete items. Government grants are treated as a reduction of property, plant and equipment cost.

Property, plant and equipment acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Capitalized costs

Capitalized costs include development costs, mortgage interest, realty taxes, interest on general borrowing, and administrative and general expenses incurred in the connection with the acquisition, development and construction of properties.

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Revenue recognition

The Entity follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonable estimated and collection is reasonable assured.

The Entity recognizes service revenues at the time the service has been provided. Interest revenue is recognized in the period it is earned. Rental revenue is earned in the period to which the rental relates.

Measurement of financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, all financial assets and financial liabilities at measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, accounts receivable and inventories held for resale. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include operating line, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are reported in earning in the period in which they become known.

The value of the liability for the asset retirement obligations related to decommissioning the landfill site is \$794,088 (2023 - \$775,632) and may vary based on the estimated future costs and the discount rate used. Management believes that it can measure the future decommissioning costs and the discount rate to be used with reasonable accuracy. However, actual results may differ significantly as a result of the uncertainties related to these estimates.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The asset retirement obligation is related to the estimated future costs of decommissioning the landfill site and includes the waste cell, final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water, methane gas and leachate management and ongoing environment monitoring site inspection and maintenance. A liability is recognized for the obligation to decommission the landfill, and the carrying amount of asset on the balance sheet is increased by a corresponding amount. To determine the initial liability recognized, the estimated future cash flows related to the removal costs are discounted using the current market risk-free rate of interest. The amount added to asset is amortized and an accretion expense related to the discounted liability is recognized over the expected term to reflect the passage of time.

After the initial recognition of asset retirement obligations, the carrying amount of the liability is increased by the annual accretion expense and adjusted to reflect changes in the current market-based discount rate or revisions to the timing or the amount of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>December 31, 2024</u>

3. LANDFILL ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

Delever 1 to 1	<u>2024</u>	2023
Balance, beginning of year	775,632	757,176
Annual accretion	18,456	18,456
Balance, end of year	\$794,088	775.632

During the previous years, management recorded an asset retirement obligation related to decommissioning the landfill site which represents management's best estimate of this liability. Estimated total expenditures represent the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care activities discounted at an expected inflation rate of 2% over a 25 year period.

4. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

Land Land improvements Buildings Equipment Motor vehicles Furniture & fixtures	\$\frac{\text{Cost}}{108,069} \\ 863,720 \\ 1,959,161 \\ 547,285 \\ 156,882 \\ \ 631 \] \$\frac{3}{635,748}	Accumulated Amortization \$ NIL 117,303 391,177 202,661 104,349 631	2024 Net Book Value \$ 108,069 746,417 1,567,984 344,624 52,533 NIL	2023 Net Book <u>Value</u> \$ 108,069 765,815 1,616,963 371,988 68,221 <u>NIL</u>
	Ψ3,033,746	\$ <u>816,121</u>	\$_2,819,627	\$ 2.931,056
5. LONG-TERM DEBT			2024	<u>2023</u>
Innovation Credit Union mortgage be compounded monthly, repayable in	blended monthly		665,817	727,077
payments of \$9,827. The loan matural and is secured by municipal members and general asset agreement.	res on February : r guarantees, lan	25, 2025 d security,		
Innovation Credit Union loan bearing repayable in monthly blended payme loan matures on January 25, 2025.	interest at 7% ents of \$2,903. Th	ne	128,852	153,711
Related party injection for operations	s from participatin	ıg		
communities. No repayment terms a Non-secured.	and non-interest b	pearing.	426,376	401,376
			\$_1,221.045	\$ 1.282.164
Less current portion			\$795.670	\$880,789
Long term portion			\$425,375	\$ 401.375
	11			

16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

The principle repayment due on long-term debt in each of the next five years is as follows:

2025	\$ 795,670
2026	NIL
2027	NIL
2028	NIL
2029	NIL
	\$ 795,670

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Entity is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will be unable to fulfil its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Entity manages its liquidly risk by monitoring its operating requirements, preparing annual budgets and a line of credit is available.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. The Entity manages this risk by managing the terms on instruments from the financial instruments they deal with.

Credit risk is the risk from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations, or if there is a concentration of transactions carried our with the same party, or if there is a concentration of financial obligations that have similar economic characteristics that could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions, such that Wapiti could incur a financial loss. The Entity manages this risk by reviewing parties to which receivables are held and payables are from more than one supplier.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

Lois	Skinner	CPA
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16 to 43 WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Hafford, Saskatchewan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024